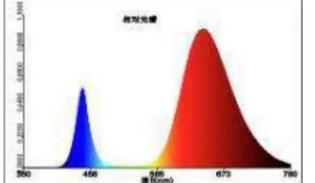
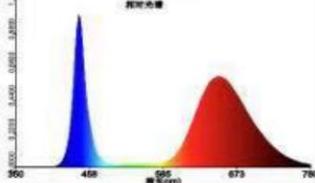
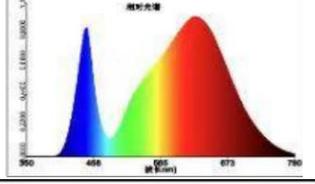
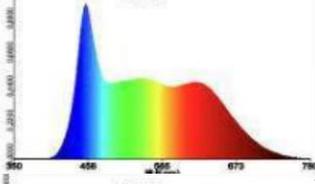
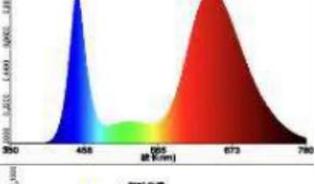
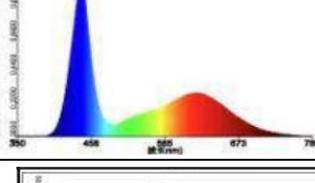
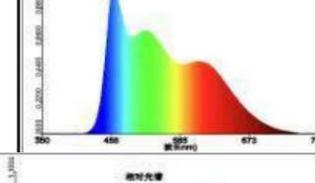
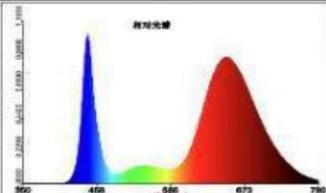
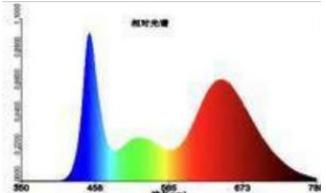
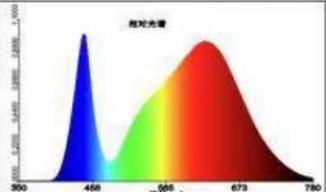
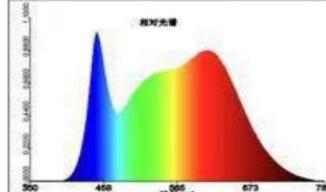
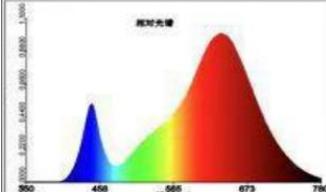
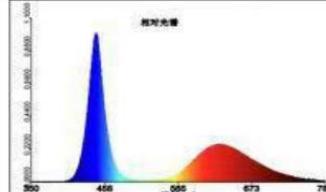


Spectrum 1		It is suitable for strawberry, green dragon fruit, melon, leafy vegetable, hemp, succulent.	The light color is pinkish purple, red light makes plants grow, and blue light promotes the accumulation of proteins and non-carbohydrates, making plants heavier.
Spectrum 2		It is suitable for strawberry, green dragon fruit, melon, leafy vegetable, hemp, succulent.	The light color is pinkish purple. Blue light affects the phototropism, photomorphogenesis, stomata and leaf photosynthesis of plants. The red light produces some substances that make plants grow taller.
Spectrum 3		Suitable for outdoor dragon fruit, flowers, aquatic plants, melons and fruits to supplement light, growth period	The light color is warm. The blue-green light makes the ratio of chlorophyll and humorin-like elements large, and the photosynthesis is remarkable. The red light makes the photosynthesis cycle effect have an influence.
Spectrum 4		It is suitable for roots, rhizome crops, ornamental gardening, plant walls, growing seedlings, and succulents to supplement light.	The light color is white, and the light is saturated. It promotes the rich photosynthesis of plants and forms the absorption of chlorophyll.
Spectrum 5		Suitable for sprouts, rhizomes and rattans.	The light color is warm pink, green light and red and blue light harmonize to adapt to the growth and development of plants. Under the compound light of red and blue LEDs, plants are slightly purple-gray, making it difficult to diagnose diseases and disorders, and can be solved by supplementing with green light from a few stars.
Spectrum 7		Suitable for flowers, plant factories, fruits, tomatoes (tomatoes), growth period.	The light color is pale pink, which improves the flowering period, increases the yield of melons and fruits, regulates the morphology of plants, and is conducive to the synthesis of VC and sugars in fruits and vegetables.
Spectrum 8		It is suitable for ornamental flowers, vines, ferns, and succulents to supplement light.	The light color is white, combined with effective radiation, promotes the accumulation of protein and non-carbohydrates, and makes plants heavier.
Spectrum 9		It is suitable for sprouts, leafy vegetables, melons and fruits during the nursery period.	The light color is pink and purple, and the ratio of red and blue is even. It promotes the carbohydrate journey, inhibits the growth and extension of the stem, and promotes the synthesis of chlorophyll.

Spectrum 10		Suitable for sprouts, rhizomes and rattans.	The light color is warm pink, green light and red and blue light harmonize to adapt to the growth and development of plants. Under the combined light of red and blue LEDs, plants are slightly purple and gray, making it difficult to diagnose diseases and disorders and can be solved by supplementing a small amount of green light.
Spectrum 11		It is suitable for plant factories, tissue culture, leafy vegetables, flowers, melons and fruits, succulents, strawberries, cucumbers and tomatoes.	The shade is pale pink, the absorption of chlorophyll and carotenoids is moderate, and carotenoids mainly absorb blue-violet light, that is, red light and blue-violet light are the most effective for the photoreaction of photosynthesis.
Spectrum 12		Suitable for outdoor dragon fruit, flowers, aquatic plants, melons and fruits to supplement light, growth period	The light color is warm. The blue-green light makes the ratio of chlorophyll and humirin-like elements large, and the photosynthesis is remarkable. The red light makes the photosynthesis cycle effect have an influence.
Spectrum 13		Suitable for outdoor pitaya, flowers, aquatic plants, melons and fruits	The light color is natural light and the spectrum is saturated, which promotes the rich photosynthesis of plants and forms chlorophyll absorption.
Spectrum 15		It is suitable for single-flowered fruit, sprouts, Baihe, Apricotaceae, Cruciferae, and fruits.	The light color is warm, the red light regulates the formation of light through the phytochrome; the red light drives photosynthesis through the absorption of the light-table pigment; the red light promotes the elongation of the stem and the synthesis of carbohydrates, which is beneficial to the growth of flowers and prolongs the flowering period.
Spectrum 16		Suitable for leafy vegetables, stems, apricots, lilies, twelve rolls, melons and fruits, seedlings.	The light color is lavender. Blue light affects the phototropism, photomorphogenesis, stomata opening, and leaf photosynthesis of plants. The large proportion of blue light combined with Ou light can promote the growth and development of seedlings.

PS: This table is applicable for integrating the mastered spectrum
Plants and spectra mainly include applications, which are for reference only.